



Third BHMS (New), Winter 2015
Obstetrics and Gynaecology - I

Total Duration: Section A/B = 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Section-A/B

Instructions :

- 1) All question are compulsory.
- 2) All question carry equal marks.
- 3) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 4) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 5) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from Paper- I syllabus to Paper - II and vice versa. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

SAQ (60 Marks)

1. Write appropriate answers (any ten out of fifteen) : (10x2=20)

- a) Foetal heart sound.
- b) Quickening & its importance.
- c) Obstetric grip.
- d) Define Hyperemesis gravidarum.
- e) Linea nigra.
- f) Placenta.
- g) Composition of colostrum.
- h) Rooming in.
- i) Define post-natal care.
- j) Four important functions of amniotic fluid.
- k) Umbilical cord.
- l) Define lochia.
- m) Caput succedaneum
- n) Moulding.
- o) Episiotomy.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six) : (4x5=20)

- a) Abortion.
- b) Hydatiform mole.
- c) Abruptio placentae.
- d) Preterm baby.
- e) Tubectomy.
- f) Partograph.



3. Write short answer (any four out of six) :

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(4x5=20)

- a) Rh-incompatibility.
- b) Aims & objectives of ANC.
- c) Retained placenta.
- d) IUGR.
- e) Anencephaly.
- f) Suction & evacuation.

LAQ (40 Marks)

4. Long answer question (any two out of four) :

(2x10=20)

- a) Write aetiology, diagnosis & management in pregnancy of multiple pregnancy.
- b) Causes of Neonatal jaundice & its management in brief.
- c) Importance of breast feeding.
- d) What is dystocia in labour ? Write causes & management of uterine inertia.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7) (1x20=20)

5. Describe breech presentation with respect to:

- a) Definition & types. (5)
- b) Clinical features. (5)
- c) Complications. (5)
- d) Management of footling. (5)

6. Describe Ectopic pregnancy under following headings.

- a) Define Ectopic pregnancy. (5)
- b) Aetiology. (5)
- c) Clinical features & Management. (5)
- d) Differential diagnosis of tubal pregnancy & its management. (5)

7. Explain puerperal sepsis under following headings.

- a) Definition. (5)
- b) Causes. (5)
- c) Clinical features. (5)
- d) Complications & management. (5)



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Third BHMS (New), Winter 2015
Obstetrics and Gynaecology - II

Total Duration: Section A/B = 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Section-A/B

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2) All question carry equal marks.

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SAQ (60 Marks)

1. Write appropriate answers (any ten out of fifteen) :

(10x2=20)

a) Define pyometra.

b) Define Menarche.

c) Define menorrhagea.

d) Define Amenorrhoea.

e) Give 2 indications of abdominal hysterectomy.

f) Define Nabothian follicle.

g) Enumerate supports of uterus.

h) Define spermatogenesis.

i) Define decidual reaction.

j) Define ovulation.

k) Define fertilization.

l) Give 4 indications of mammography.

m) What is misplaced IUCD & Enumerate 3 causes for same.

n) Define primary infertility & secondary infertility.

o) What is I.V.F ?

2. Write short answer (any four out of six) :

(4x5=20)

a) Perineal tear.

b) D. U. B.

c) I.U.C.D.

d) Laparoscopy.

e) Vasectomy.

f) Hysterosalpingography.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six) :

- a) Menopause.
- b) Role of USG in Gynaecology.
- c) Premenstrual syndrome.
- d) Cervical erosion.
- e) Dermoid cyst.
- f) Clinical features & differential diagnosis of uterine fibroid.

LAQ (40 Marks)

4. Long answer question (any two out of four) :

(2x10=20)

- a) Uterine retroversion.
- b) O.C. pills.
- c) Adenomyosis.
- d) Tubercular salpingitis.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

(1x20=20)

5. Discuss Ca cervix under following headings.

- a) Etiology. (5)
- b) Clinical features. (5)
- c) Investigations. (5)
- d) Management. (5)

6. Discuss prolapse of uterus under following headings.

- a) Etiology. (5)
- b) Clinical features. (5)
- c) Investigations. (5)
- d) Management. (5)

7. Discuss menstrual cycle under following headings.

- a) Definition & physiology of menstruation (5)
- b) Composition of normal menstrual blood. (5)
- c) Ovarian function test. (5)
- d) Abnormalities of menstrual cycle. (5)



Third BHMS (New), Winter 2015
Obstetrics and Gynaecology - III

Total Duration: Section A/B = 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

Section-A/B

Instructions : 1) All question are compulsory.
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SAQ (60 Marks)

1. Write appropriate answers (any ten out of fifteen) :
 a) 4 characteristic indications of Apis mellifica in Acute vulvitis.
 b) 4 characteristic indications of Arsenic alb in cervical erosion.
 c) Role of Phosphorus in morning sickness.
 d) Role of Kreosote in cervical cancer.
 e) Belladonna in mastitis.
 f) Antim tart in neonatal asphyxia.
 g) Calcarea carb in cervical polyp.
 h) Kali bichrom in Low bacheche.
 i) Pulsatilla in amenorrhoea.
 j) Enumerate 4 remedies for congestive dysmenorrhoea.
 k) Lac can during lactation.
 l) 4 characteristic indications of Bryonia in fibroadenoma.
 m) Pyrogen in pelvic abscess.
 n) Collinsonia in piles during pregnancy
 o) Pulsatilla in anaemia during pregnancy

(10x2=20)

2. Write short answer (any four out of six) :
 a) Merc sol in chronic PID.
 b) Explain two remedies for leucorrhoea. Alum, Borax
 c) Cantharis in retained placenta.
 d) Explain two remedies for menorrhagia.
 e) Ipecac in neonatal jaundice.
 f) Belladonna & Caulophyllum in false labour pains.

(4x5=20)



3. Write short answer (any four out of six) :

(4x5=20)

- Alumina in pica during pregnancy.
- Lycopodium in male infertility.
- Kali carb & Thuja in trichomonas.
- Graphitis & Calcarea carb in menopause.
- Lachesis & Kreosote in lochia.
- Natrum sulph & Argentum nitricum in pregnancy induced hypertension.

LAQ (40 Marks)

4. Long answer question (any two out of four) :

(2x10=20)

- Discuss role of Calcarea carb, Pulsatilla & Lycopodium in polycystic ovarian syndrome.
- Role of Chamomilla, Belladonna & Secale cor in abortion.
- Cantharis, kreosote & Apis mel in acute vaginitis.
- What is normal puerpera ?Homoeopathic management for same (3 remedies).

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

(1x20=20)

5. Define prolonged labour. Explain following drugs in it.

- Gelsemium. (5)
- Cimicifuga. (5)
- Caulophyllum. (5)
- Pulsatilla. (5)

6. Define fibroid. Give indications of following drugs in it.

- Thuja. (5)
- Lycopodium. (5)
- Iodum. (5)
- Sabina. (5)

7. Give therapeutic indications of following drugs in management of ANC.

- Sepia. (5)
- Arsenic alb. (5)
- Pulsatilla. (5)
- Natrum mur. (5)